

# Recirculation Saline VENOUS LINE Recirculation VENOUS LINE

If Recirculation is present, the diluted venous blood is pulled backwards into the arterial bloodline, reducing the adequacy of dialysis.



Krivitski Method: When the bloodlines are reversed, saline enters the vascular access and dilutes the incoming blood. The mixed blood is detected by the arterial sensor and Access Flow is measured.



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# Transonic HD03





# Transonic HD03 Measurements =

# On the Spot Vascular Access Assessment to Optimize Treatment

- Confirm Delivered Flow
- Detect Recirculation
- Measure Access Flow

## **Delivered Flow**

Delivered flow can differ from the dialysis pump setting. It is important to compare the pump setting to the actual circuit flow so that you can optimize your dialysis patient's treatment on the spot.

#### Recirculation

The HD03 separates vascular access recirculation from cardiopulmonary recirculation (CPR). The HD03 measures the actual percentage of recirculation.

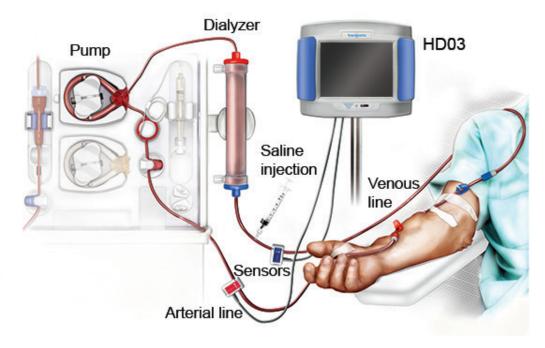
### **Vascular Access Flow**

The HD03 measures Access Flow up to 4000 mL/min. Changes in the Access Flow can indicate access dysfunction, including inflow stenosis and outflow stenosis. The Access Flow measurements are used to trend changes over time and to confirm other clinical indicators, including physical exam indications of dysfunction.











Central Venous Catheter

Transonic Measurement	Hemodialysis Catheter (CVC)	AV Fistula or AV Graft (AVF or AVG)
Delivered Flow	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Recirculation	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>
Access Flow		<b>✓</b>